

1. (12 points) Solve the following ODE using the integrating factor method. Solve explicitly for  $y$ . You can assume  $t$  is always a positive number.

$$ty' - 2y = t^4 + 3t^3 \quad (*)$$

1. Write (\*) in the basic form dividing both sides by "t":

$$y' - \frac{2}{t}y = t^3 + 3t^2$$

Compare to  $y' + p(t)y = q(t)$ , so  $p(t) = -\frac{2}{t}$  and

$$q(t) = t^3 + 3t^2$$

2. Compute the integrating factor  $\mu(t)$ :

$$\mu(t) = e^{\int p(t) dt} = e^{\int -\frac{2}{t} dt} = e^{-2 \ln t} = e^{\cancel{\ln t}^{-2}} = t^{-2}$$

3. Multiply both sides by " $\mu(t)$ " and integrate:

$$\mu(t)y' + \mu(t)p(t)y = \mu(t)q(t) \quad (**)$$

but  $\mu(t)p(t) = \mu'(t)$ , so

$$\mu(t)y' + \mu'(t)y = \mu(t)q(t)$$

but  $(\mu(t)y)' = \mu(t)y' + \mu'(t)y$  (product rule for deriv.)

$$\Rightarrow (\mu(t)y)' = \mu(t)q(t) \quad (\text{by } (**))$$

$$\Rightarrow \int (\mu(t)y)' dt = \int \mu(t)q(t) dt \Rightarrow \mu(t)y = \int \mu(t)q(t) dt$$

$$\int \mu(t)q(t) dt = \int t^{-2}(t^3 + 3t^2) dt = \int (t + 3) dt = \frac{t^2}{2} + 3t + C$$

$$\Rightarrow t^{-2}y = \frac{t^2}{2} + 3t + C \Rightarrow y = t^2\left(\frac{t^2}{2} + 3t + C\right) = \frac{t^4}{2} + 3t^3 + Ct^2$$

2. A pool initially contains 120 kg of chlorine dissolved in 850 gallons of water. A chlorine solution that has concentration 0.3 kg/gal pours into the pool at a rate of 4 gal/minute. The water in the pool is well-mixed, and 3 gal/minute of pool water are pumped out of the pool.

(a) (3 points) How many gallons of salt water are in the pool at time  $t$ ?

You are asked to write the equation for the volume of the water in the tank at time " $t$ ":

$$V(t) = 850 + (4 - 3)t = 850 + t$$

$\uparrow$  initial volume       $\uparrow$   $\dot{q}_{in}$ : incoming flow rate       $\downarrow$   $\dot{q}_{out}$ : outgoing flow rate

- (b) (5 points) Set up an initial value problem to find the amount of chlorine  $C(t)$ , measured in kg, in the pool after  $t$  minutes. Your answer should include a differential equation and an initial condition. **Do not solve the differential equation.**

Here you need to set up the differential equation whose solution is  $C(t)$ : amount of chlorine.

$$\frac{dC}{dt} = \begin{matrix} \text{in flow rate} \\ \times \text{ in concentration} \end{matrix} - \begin{matrix} \text{out flow rate} \\ \times \text{ out concentration} \end{matrix}$$

$$= \dot{q}_{in} \cdot C_{in} - \dot{q}_{out} \cdot C_{out}$$

where  $C_{out} = \frac{C(t)}{V(t)} = \frac{C(t)}{850+t}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dC}{dt} = 4 \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot \frac{C(t)}{850+t}$$